

File Content and Format

Each data file is a FITS binary table. The primary FITS header contains the following information:

FITS File primary header

SIMPLE	=	T	/image conforms to FITS standard
BITPIX	=	16	/bits per data value
NAXIS	=	0	/number of axes
EXTEND	=	T	/file may contain extensions
TARGNAME	=	'BD+112998'	/target name
SPECTYPE	=	'composite'	/Spectra type
TELESCOP	=	'HST'	/observatory
INSTRUME	=	'STIS'	/instrument
FILENAME	=	'h_stis_ngsl_bd+112998_v1.fits'	/
RA	=	3713.54743480	/Right Ascension (deg)
DEC	=	10.9976309090	/Declination (deg)
EQUINOX	=	2000.00	/equinox of celestial coord. system
APERTURE	=	'52X0.2'	/
GRATING	=	'G230LB, G430L, G750L'	/
OBSDATE	=	'2004-04-10'	/date of observation YYYY-MM-DD
EXPSTART	=	53105.9428153	/Start time of obs. sequence (MJD)
EXPEND	=	53105.9637181	/End time of obs. sequence (MJD)
MINWAVE	=	1675.66137068	/Minimum wavelength
MAXWAVE	=	10198.7137562	/Maximum wavelength
MAXFLUX	=	9.14272E-13	/Maximum Flux in erg/sec/cm ² /Angstrom
OFFSETPX	=	-0.324710	/Offset of star from center of slit (pixels)

DATAQUAL	=	'good'	
			/Data Quality: good or suspect
HISTORY		STIS Next	
		Generation Spectral	
		Library, Version 1, 27-	
		Feb-2008	
HISTORY		-----	

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HISTORY		FILENAME	

OFFSETPX gives the offset of the target in pixels (0.05 arcsecond) from the center of the slit as measured using the G750L fringe flats (Section 3.2). **DATAQUAL** is used to flag data that may be suspect because of a large centering error within the slit. The data are flagged as suspect if the offset error is more than 0.9 pixels. Mis-centering greater than 0.9 pixels result in large errors in the aperture throughput correction.

The file's binary table extension contains three columns:

WAVELENGTH – wavelength in Angstroms
FLUX – observed flux in $\text{ergs/cm}^2/\text{second}/\text{Angstrom}$
STATERR – propagated counting statistical errors.